

# REPORT

issued by an Accredited Testing Laboratory

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Contact person RISE

2018-05-24

Date

8F010792

Reference

Page 1 (5)



Motek AS Philippe Brachet Alf Bjerckesvei 22 B N-0508 Oslo

### **Emission measurements**

(3 appendices)

## **Object**

One sample of sealant was delivered to RISE by the customer.

Product name: HILTI CFS ACR

Production date: May 2017 Batch: 2118582

Size of sample: 310 mL cartridge
Date of arrival to RISE: 2018-04-12
Date of analysis: week 16 - 22

## **Assignment**

Emission measurement according to GEV - Testing Method, 04.10.2017. The measurements are made after 3 and 28 days regarding volatile organic compounds, carcinogenic compounds (EU Regulation No 1272/2008 Annex VI, cat 1A and 1B) and after 3 days also regarding formaldehyde and acetaldehyde.

For evaluation of test results the principle of shared risk is applied, i.e. for a max limit ( $\leq$ ) a result  $\leq$  the limit complies and a result > the limit does not comply (ILAC G8 section 2.7).

#### Method

The sealant was applied 3 mm thick on a glass plate with a diameter of 150 mm. Applied amount was 97 g. The date of the application was 2018-04-16.

Open surface area was 0.018 m<sup>2</sup>. The specimen was placed directly into the chamber for the 3 days air samplings. Air samplings after 3 days of conditioning were carried out on 2018-04-19.

After 3 days the specimen was placed in a separate conditioning container (with air velocity of ca 0.2 m/s) in a room with controlled climate conditions of  $23 \pm 2$  °C and  $50 \pm 5$  % RH. The test specimen was put into the chamber three days prior to 28 days air samplings. Air samplings after 28 days of conditioning were carried out on 2018-05-14.





REPORT Date Reference Page 2018-05-24 8F010792 2 (5)

Test conditions in the chamber:

Tenax TA was used as adsorption medium for VOC. The tubes were thermally desorbed and analysed in accordance to RISE method 0601, similar to ISO 16000-6:2011 (Determination of volatile organic compounds in indoor and test chamber air by active sampling on Tenax TA sorbent, thermal desorption and gas chromatography using MS/FID). This means an analysis in a gas chromatograph and detection with a flame ionisation detector (FID) and mass selective detector (MS). The capillary column used is coated with 5% phenyl/95 % methylpolysiloxane. The FID signals are used for compound quantification. The total volatile organic compounds (TVOC) means compounds eluting between and including n-hexane to hexadecane, having boiling points in the range of about 70-260 °C. Minimum duplicate air samples were taken and the results are mean values. Sampled volumes are 3 to 9 L.

Tenax TA was also used as adsorption medium for testing of volatile carcinogenic compounds according to EU Regulation No 1272/2008 Annex VI, cat 1A and 1B), (exclusive formaldehyde), 1 µg/m<sup>3</sup> and above.

The samplings of aldehydes were carried out with DNPH samplers. The samplers were analysed according to RISE method 2302, similar to ISO 16000-3:2011(Indoor air - Part 3: Determination of formaldehyde and other carbonyl compounds – Active sampling method). This means analysis on a liquid chromatograph with absorbance detector. Duplicate air samples were taken and the results are mean values. Sampled volumes were 30 to 50L.

#### **Results**

The results in Table 1 and 2 are expressed as area specific emission rates and as concentrations in a reference room (according to EN 16516:2017). The reference room has a base area of 3 m x 4 m and a height of 2.5 m, with an air exchange rate of 0.5 h<sup>-1</sup>. The wall area is 31.4 m<sup>2</sup>, floor area is 12 m<sup>2</sup>, small area, like a door, is 1.6 m<sup>2</sup> and very small area, like sealant, is 0.2 m<sup>2</sup>. Very small area is used for the calculation of the concentrations.

Calculation of the concentration from the emission rate:

 $C = \frac{E_a \times A}{n \times V}$   $C = \frac{E_a \times A}{n \times V}$   $E_a = \text{area specific emission rate, in } \mu g/m^2 h$   $A = \text{surface area of product in reference room, in } m^2$   $n = \text{air exchange rate, in changes per hour, here } 0.5 \text{ h}^{-1}$   $V = \text{volume of the reference room, in } m^3, \text{ here } 30 \text{ m}^3$ 



**Table 1.** Emission results of **HILTI CFS ACR** after 3 days:

Volatile organic compounds	CAS number	Retention time (min)	$\mathbf{ID}^1$	Concentration in reference room (µg/m³)	LCI <sub>i</sub> (µg/m <sup>3</sup> )	R <sub>i</sub> (c <sub>i</sub> /LCI <sub>i</sub> )
<b>TVOC</b> $(C_6 - C_{16})$		6.5 – 38	В	910		
Volatile Carcinogens <sup>2</sup>		6.5 – 38				
No substances detected			В	< 1		
VOC with LCI <sup>3</sup>		6.5 – 38				
1-Butanol	71-36-3	7.7	A	28	3000	
Propylene glycol	57-55-6	10.2	A	2500	2100	
$\sum$ VOC with LCI	-		A	2500		
VOC without LCI <sup>4</sup>						
No substances detected	1		В	< 5		
∑ VOC without LCI			В	< 5		
SVOC (C <sub>16</sub> – C <sub>22</sub> ) <sup>5</sup>		38 - 51				
No substances detected	-		В	< 5		
∑SVOC			В	< 5		
<b>VVOC</b> ( < C <sub>6</sub> ) <sup>6</sup>		4.8 – 6.5				
Formaldehyde <sup>7</sup>	50-00-0		A	< 5	100	
Acetaldehyde <sup>7</sup>	75-07-0		A	< 5	1 200	
∑VVOC			A	< 5		
$\mathbf{R} = \sum \mathbf{C_i} / \mathbf{LCI_i}^{8}$						

<sup>1)</sup> ID: A = quantified compound specific, B = quantified as toluene-equivalent

Only carcinogenic compounds  $\geq 1~\mu g/m^3$  are listed in Table 1. TVOC expressed in  $\mu g/m^3$  is the sum of all individual substances with concentrations  $\geq 5~\mu g/m^3$  (in toluene equivalents).

Quantification limit for TVOC is  $10~\mu g/m^2 h$ . Measurement uncertainty for VOC is 15~% (rel) and for formaldehyde 30~% (rel). Background of TVOC in the empty chamber was below  $20~\mu g/m^3$  and is subtracted.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Volatile carcinogens = VOCs according to EU Regulation No 1272/2008 Annex VI, cat 1A and 1B

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3)</sup> VOC with LCI = identified VOC-compound with LCI-value according to EU-LCI, Dec 2016

<sup>4)</sup> VOC without LCI = VOC-compound without LCI-value or not identified.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5)</sup> SVOC = semi-volatile organic compounds, as defined in ISO 16000-6 (not part of accreditation)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6)</sup> VVOC = very volatile organic compounds, as defined in ISO 16000-6 (not part of accreditation)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7)</sup> VVOC-aldehydes measured with DNPH samplers (ISO 16000-3)

<sup>8)</sup> All VVOC, VOC, SVOC and carcinogens with LCI



**Table 2.** Emission results of **HILTI CFS ACR** after 28 days:

Volatile organic compounds	CAS number	Retention time (min)	$\mathbf{ID}^1$	Concentration in reference room (µg/m³)	$\begin{array}{ c c } \textbf{LCI_i} \\ (\mu g/m^3) \end{array}$	R <sub>i</sub> (c <sub>i</sub> /LCI <sub>i</sub> )
<b>TVOC</b> (C <sub>6</sub> – C <sub>16</sub> )		6.5 – 38	В	170		
Volatile Carcinogens <sup>2</sup>		6.5 – 38				
No substances detected	-		В	< 1		
<b>VOC</b> with LCI <sup>3</sup>		6.5 – 38				
Propylene glycol	57-55-6	10.2	A	480	2100	0.23
$\sum$ <b>VOC</b> with <b>LCI</b>			A	480		
VOC without LCI <sup>4</sup>						
No substances detected	1		В	< 5		
∑ VOC without LCI			В	< 5		
<b>SVOC</b> (C <sub>16</sub> – C <sub>22</sub> ) <sup>5</sup>		38 - 51				
No substances detected	1		В	< 5		
∑SVOC	-		В	< 5		
<b>VVOC</b> ( < C <sub>6</sub> ) <sup>6</sup>		4.8 - 6.5				
No substances detected			В	< 5		
∑VVOC			В	< 5		
$\mathbf{R} = \sum_{i} \mathbf{C}_{i} / \mathbf{LC} \mathbf{I}_{i}^{7}$						0.23

<sup>1)</sup> ID: A = quantified compound specific, B = quantified as toluene-equivalent

Only carcinogenic compounds  $\geq 1~\mu g/m^3$  are listed in Table 2. Only the compounds with a concentration in the reference room  $> 5~\mu g/m^3$  are evaluated based on LCI (= lowest concentration of interest). TVOC expressed in  $\mu g/m^3$  is the sum of all individual substances with concentrations  $\geq 5~\mu g/m^3$  (in toluene equivalents).

See Appendix 1 for a gas chromatogram (FID spectra) and Appendix 2 for a photo of the test specimen. Appendix 3 is the sampling report received from the customer.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Volatile carcinogens = VOCs according to EU Regulation No 1272/2008 Annex VI, cat 1A and 1B

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3)</sup> VOC with LCI = identified VOC-compound with LCI-value according to EU-LCI, Dec 2016

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4)</sup> VOC without LCI = VOC-compound without LCI-value or not identified.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5)</sup> SVOC = semi-volatile organic compounds, as defined in ISO 16000-6 (not part of accreditation)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6)</sup> VVOC = very volatile organic compounds, as defined in ISO 16000-6 (not part of accreditation)

<sup>7)</sup> All VVOC, VOC, SVOC and carcinogens with LCI



#### **Evaluation of the test results**

The test results are evaluated in Table 3.

**Table 3.** Comparison of requirements and test results

Volatile organic compound	Requirement EC2 (µg/m³)	Test Results (µg/m³)	Pass / Fail
TVOC after 3 days	≤ 3000	910	PASS
TVOC after 28 days	≤ 300	170	PASS
TSVOC after 28 days	≤ 100	< 5	PASS
Formaldehyde after 3 days	≤ 50	< 5	PASS
Acetaldehyde after 3 days	≤ 50	< 5	PASS
Sum of form- and acetaldehyde after 3 days	≤ 0.05 ppm	< 0.001 ppm	PASS
Sum of CMR 1A+1B after 3 days	≤ 10	<1	PASS
Any CMR 1A+1B after 28 days	≤1	<1	PASS

The test results are in compliance with the requirements of Emicode label EC2.

#### RISE Research Institutes of Sweden AB Chemistry and Materials - Chemistry

Performed by Examined by

Thomas Vaessen Tove Mali´n

#### **Appendices**

- 1. Gas Chromatogram
- 2. Photo of the test specimen
- 3. Sampling report

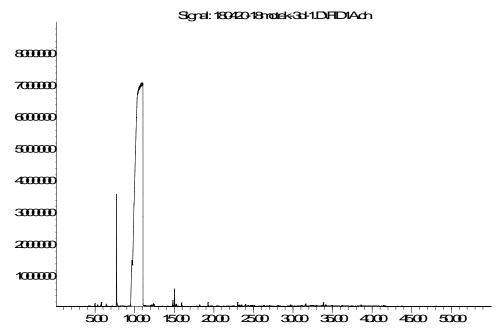




#### **Gas chromatogram**

**HILTI CFS ACR**, after 3 days:

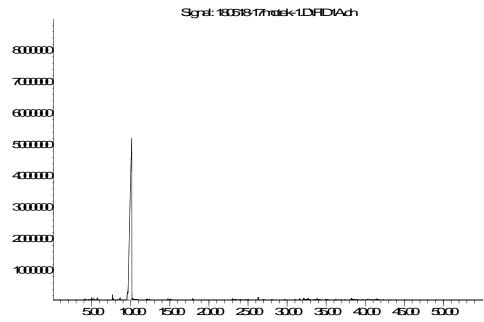
Abundance



Time->

HILTI CFS ACR, after 28 days:

Abundance



Time->

TVOC between  $C_6$  and  $C_{16}$ , means compounds eluting between 6.2 and 37.9 minutes.

Appendix 2



# Photo of test specimen

#### HILTI CFS ACR





### **Sampling Report**

Sampler (Name, Company, contact info):	Manufacturer of the product (Company, address):
Dr Philippe Brachet Produktsjef / Product Manager Mobil: 474 53 930 Motek AS Alf Bjerckesvei 22 B Box 81 Økern, N-0508 Oslo www.motek.no	Hilti Feldkircherstrasse 100. Postfach 333 9494 Schaan Liechtenstein
Name of product:	Type of product:
HILTI CFS ACR	Firestop acrylic sealant https://www.hilti.se/brandskyddssystem/brandfogmassor/r4883
Manufacturing Date:	Batch No:
05-2017	2118582
Date of sampling:	Amount/size of material sampled:
	310 ml
	Packing material: cartridge
Sample is taken from: Production line	How was the product stored before sampling?
Stock / Storage x Miscellaneous -where, specify:	Storage facility
taken:	a larger material amount, describe how the sub-sample was
Observations and remarks:	
Brand new cartridge	

Appendix 3

