

# **European Technical Approval ETA-12/0006**

Handelsbezeichnung <i>Trade nam</i> e		Injektionssystem Hilti HIT-HY 200-A mit HIT-Z / HIT-Z-R Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z / HIT-Z-R
Zulassungsinhaber Holder of approval		Hilti AG Feldkircherstraße 100 9494 Schaan FÜRSTENTUM LIECHTENSTEIN
Zulassungsgegenstar und Verwendungszwe		Verbunddübel zur Verankerung im Beton unter statischer, quasi- statischer oder seismischer Einwirkung (Leistungskategorie C1 und C2)
Generic type and use of construction produc	ct	Bonded anchor for use in concrete under static, quasi-static or seismic action (performance category C1 and C2)
Geltungsdauer: <i>Validity:</i>	vom from bis to	15 March 2013 10 February 2017
Herstellwerk Manufacturing plant		Hilti Werke

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

Diese Zulassung umfasst<br/>This Approval contains24 Seiten einschließlich 16 Anhänge<br/>24 pages including 16 annexesDiese Zulassung ersetzt<br/>This Approval replacesETA-12/0006 mit Geltungsdauer vom 28.09.2012 bis 10.02.2017<br/>ETA-12/0006 with validity from 28.09.2012 to 10.02.2017



Europäische Organisation für Technische Zulassungen European Organisation for Technical Approvals



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# I LEGAL BASES AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

- 1 This European technical approval is issued by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik in accordance with:
  - Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of Member States relating to construction products<sup>1</sup>, modified by Council Directive 93/68/EEC<sup>2</sup> and Regulation (EC) N° 1882/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council<sup>3</sup>;
  - Gesetz über das In-Verkehr-Bringen von und den freien Warenverkehr mit Bauprodukten zur Umsetzung der Richtlinie 89/106/EWG des Rates vom 21. Dezember 1988 zur Angleichung der Rechts- und Verwaltungsvorschriften der Mitgliedstaaten über Bauprodukte und anderer Rechtsakte der Europäischen Gemeinschaften (Bauproduktengesetz - BauPG) vom 28. April 1998<sup>4</sup>, as amended by Article 2 of the law of 8 November 2011<sup>5</sup>;
  - Common Procedural Rules for Requesting, Preparing and the Granting of European technical approvals set out in the Annex to Commission Decision 94/23/EC<sup>6</sup>;
  - Guideline for European technical approval of "Metal anchors for use in concrete Part 5: Bonded anchors", ETAG 001-05.
- 2 Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik is authorized to check whether the provisions of this European technical approval are met. Checking may take place in the manufacturing plant. Nevertheless, the responsibility for the conformity of the products to the European technical approval and for their fitness for the intended use remains with the holder of the European technical approval.
- 3 This European technical approval is not to be transferred to manufacturers or agents of manufacturers other than those indicated on page 1, or manufacturing plants other than those indicated on page 1 of this European technical approval.
- 4 This European technical approval may be withdrawn by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, in particular pursuant to information by the Commission according to Article 5(1) of Council Directive 89/106/EEC.
- 5 Reproduction of this European technical approval including transmission by electronic means shall be in full. However, partial reproduction can be made with the written consent of Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik. In this case partial reproduction has to be designated as such. Texts and drawings of advertising brochures shall not contradict or misuse the European technical approval.
- 6 The European technical approval is issued by the approval body in its official language. This version corresponds fully to the version circulated within EOTA. Translations into other languages have to be designated as such.
- <sup>1</sup> Official Journal of the European Communities L 40, 11 February 1989, p. 12
- Official Journal of the European Communities L 220, 30 August 1993, p. 1
- <sup>3</sup> Official Journal of the European Union L 284, 31 October 2003, p. 25
- <sup>4</sup> Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 1998, p. 812
- <sup>5</sup> Bundesgesetzblatt Teil I 2011, p. 2178

Official Journal of the European Communities L 17, 20 January 1994, p. 34



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# II SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVAL

#### 1 Definition of product/ products and intended use

#### 1.1 Definition of the construction product

The injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z / HIT-Z-R is a bonded anchor consisting of a foil pack with injection mortar Hilti HIT-HY 200-A and an anchor rod (including nut and washer) in the sizes of M8, M10, M12, M16 and M20. The anchor rod (including nut and washer) is made of galvanised steel (HIT-Z) or stainless steel (HIT-Z-R). The anchor rod is placed into a drill hole filled with injection mortar. The load transfer is realised by mechanical interlock of several cones in the bonding mortar and then via a combination of bonding and friction forces in the base material (concrete).

An illustration of the product and intended use is given in Annex 1.

#### 1.2 Intended use

The anchor is intended to be used for anchorages for which requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 of Council Directive 89/106 EEC shall be fulfilled and failure of anchorages made with these products would cause risk to human life and/or lead to considerable economic consequences. Safety in case of fire (Essential Requirement 2) is not covered in this European technical approval.

The anchor is to be used only for anchorages subject to static or quasi-static loading in reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength classes C20/25 at minimum and C50/60 at most according to EN 206:2000-12.

The anchor may be anchored in cracked and non-cracked concrete.

The anchor may be installed in dry or wet concrete; it must not be installed in flooded holes.

The anchor installed in hammer drilled holes may also be used under seismic action for performance category C1 and sizes M12 and M16 may also be used for performance category C2 according to Annex 15.

The anchor may be used in the following temperature ranges:

- Temperature range I: -40 °C to +40 °C	(max long term temperature +24 °C and max short term temperature +40 °C)
- Temperature range II: -40 °C to +80 °C	(max long term temperature +50 °C and max short term temperature +80 °C)
- Temperature range III:-40 °C to +120 °C	(max long term temperature +72 °C and max short term temperature +120 °C)

Anchor rods HIT-Z (galvanised steel):

The anchor rod (including nut and washer) made of galvanised steel may only be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions.



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#### Anchor rods HIT-Z-R (stainless steel 1.4401, 1.4404):

The anchor rod (including nut and washer) made of stainless steel may be used in structures subject to dry internal conditions and also in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment), or exposure in permanently damp internal conditions, if no particular aggressive conditions exist. Such particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

The provisions made in this European technical approval are based on an assumed intended working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

#### 2 Characteristics of product and methods of verification

#### 2.1 Characteristics of product

The anchor corresponds to the drawings and provisions given in the Annexes. The characteristic material values, dimensions and tolerances of the anchor not indicated in the Annexes shall correspond to the respective values laid down in the technical documentation<sup>7</sup> of this European technical approval.

The characteristic values for the design of anchorages are given in the Annexes.

The two components of the injection mortar are delivered in unmixed condition in foil packs of sizes 330 ml or 500 ml according to Annex 1. Each foil pack is marked with the identifying mark "HY 200-A", with the batch number and expiry date.

Each anchor rod shall be marked according to Annex 1 with the identifying mark of the manufacturer, with the anchor size, with the anchorage depth, with the maximum fixture thickness and with the letters "HIT-Z" for galvanised steel or "HIT-Z-R" for stainless steel respectively.

#### 2.2 Methods of verification

The assessment of fitness of the anchor for the intended use in relation to the requirements for mechanical resistance and stability and safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirements 1 and 4 has been made in accordance with the "Guideline for European technical approval of Metal Anchors for use in concrete", Part 1 "Anchors in general" and Part 5 "Bonded anchors" on the basis of Option 1 and ETAG 001 Annex E "Assessment of Metal Anchors under Seismic Action".

In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this European technical approval, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the EU Construction Products Directive, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

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The technical documentation of this European technical approval is deposited at the Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik and, as far as relevant for the tasks of the approved bodies involved in the attestation of conformity procedure, is handed over to the approved bodies.



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## 3 Evaluation and attestation of conformity and CE marking

#### 3.1 System of attestation of conformity

According to the decision 96/582/EG of the European Commission<sup>8</sup> the system 2(i) (referred to as System 1) of attestation of conformity applies.

This system of attestation of conformity is defined as follows:

System 1: Certification of the conformity of the product by an approved certification body on the basis of:

- (a) Tasks for the manufacturer:
  - (1) factory production control;
  - (2) further testing of samples taken at the factory by the manufacturer in accordance with a prescribed control plan
- (b) Tasks for the approved body:
  - (3) initial type-testing of the product;
  - (4) initial inspection of factory and of factory production control;
  - (5) continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control.

Note: Approved bodies are also referred to as "notified bodies".

## 3.2 Responsibilities

# 3.2.1 Tasks of the manufacturer

3.2.1.1 Factory production control

The manufacturer shall exercise permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures, including records of results performed. This production control system shall insure that the product is in conformity with this European technical approval.

The manufacturer may only use initial / raw / constituent materials stated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval.

The factory production control shall be in accordance with the control plan which is part of the technical documentation of this European technical approval. The control plan is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited at Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.<sup>9</sup>

The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the control plan.

3.2.1.2 Other tasks of manufacturer

The manufacturer shall, on the basis of a contract, involve a body which is approved for the tasks referred to in section 3.1 in the field of anchors in order to undertake the actions laid down in section 3.2.2. For this purpose, the control plan referred to in sections 3.2.1.1 and 3.2.2 shall be handed over by the manufacturer to the approved body involved.

The manufacturer shall make a declaration of conformity, stating that the construction product is in conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

<sup>8</sup> Official Journal of the European Communities L 254 of 08.10.1996

The control plan is a confidential part of the documentation of the European technical approval, but not published together with the European technical approval and only handed over to the approved body involved in the procedure of attestation of conformity. See section 3.2.2.



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## 3.2.2 Tasks of approved bodies

The approved body shall perform the following tasks in accordance with the provisions laid down in the control plan:

- initial type-testing of the product,
- initial inspection of factory and of factory production control,
- continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control.

The approved body shall retain the essential points of its actions referred to above and state the results obtained and conclusions drawn in a written report.

The approved certification body involved by the manufacturer shall issue an EC certificate of conformity of the product stating the conformity with the provisions of this European technical approval.

In cases where the provisions of the European technical approval and its "control plan" are no longer fulfilled the certification body shall withdraw the certificate of conformity and inform Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik without delay.

#### 3.3 CE marking

The CE marking shall be affixed on each packaging of anchors. The letters "CE" shall be followed by the identification number of the approved certification body, where relevant, and be accompanied by the following additional information:

- the name and address of the producer (legal entity responsible for the manufacturer),
- the last two digits of the year in which the CE marking was affixed,
- the number of the EC certificate of conformity for the product,
- the number of the European technical approval,
- the number of the guideline for European technical approval,
- use category (ETAG 001, Option 1, in addition: seismic performance category C1 and C2 where applicable),
- size.

# 4 Assumptions under which the fitness of the product for the intended use was favourably assessed

## 4.1 Manufacturing

The European technical approval is issued for the product on the basis of agreed data/information, deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik, which identifies the product that has been assessed and judged. Changes to the product or production process, which could result in this deposited data/information being incorrect, should be notified to Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik before the changes are introduced. Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik will decide whether or not such changes affect the European technical approval and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the European technical approval and if so whether further assessment or alterations to the European technical approval shall be necessary.



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## 4.2 Design of anchorages

The fitness of the anchor for the intended use is given under the following conditions:

The anchorages are designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 "Design of bonded anchors"<sup>10</sup> and EOTA Technical Report TR 045 "Design of Metal Anchors under Seismic Action" under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.

Anchorages shall be positioned outside of plastic hinges of the concrete structure. Fastenings in stand-off installation or with a grout layer under seismic action are not covered by this European technical approval.

Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored.

The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings (e.g. position of the anchor relative to reinforcement or to supports, etc.).

#### 4.3 Installation of anchors

The fitness for use of the anchor can only be assumed if the anchor is installed as follows:

- anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site,
- anchor installation in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and drawings using the tools indicated in the technical documentation of this European technical approval,
- use of the anchor only as supplied by the manufacturer without exchanging the components of an anchor,
- checks before placing the anchor to ensure that the strength class of the concrete in which the anchor is to be placed is in the range given and is not lower than that of the concrete to which the characteristic loads apply,
- check of concrete being well compacted, e.g. without significant voids,
- edge distance and spacing not less than the specified values without minus tolerances,
- positioning of the drill holes without damaging the reinforcement,
- in case of aborted drill hole: the drill hole shall be filled with mortar,
- the anchor must not be installed in flooded holes,
- keeping the installation instructions given in the Annexes,
- the installation temperature of the mortar shall be at least +5 °C; during curing of the chemical mortar the temperature of the concrete must not fall below +5 °C; observing the curing time according to Annex 7, Table 5 until the anchor may be loaded,
- The torque moments given in Annex 2 must be observed.

#### 5 Indications to the manufacturer

#### 5.1 Responsibility of the manufacturer

The manufacturer is responsible to ensure that the information on the specific conditions according to 1 and 2 including Annexes referred to and 4.2, 4.3 and 5.2 is given to those who are concerned. This information may be made by reproduction of the respective parts of the European technical approval. In addition all installation data shall be shown clearly on the package and/or on an enclosed instruction sheet, preferably using illustration(s).

The Techncial Report TR 029 "Design of bonded anchors" is published in English on EOTA website www.eota.eu.



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The minimum data required are:

- drill bit diameter,
- hole depth,
- diameter of anchor rod;
- maximum thickness of the fixture;
- information on the installation procedure, including cleaning of the hole with the cleaning equipments, preferably by means of an illustration,
- anchor component installation temperature,
- ambient temperature of the concrete during installation of the anchor,
- admissible working time of the mortar,
- curing time until the anchor may be loaded as a function of the ambient temperature in the concrete during installation,
- maximum torque moment,
- identification of the manufacturing batch,
- All data shall be presented in a clear and explicit form.

## 5.2 Packaging, transport and storage

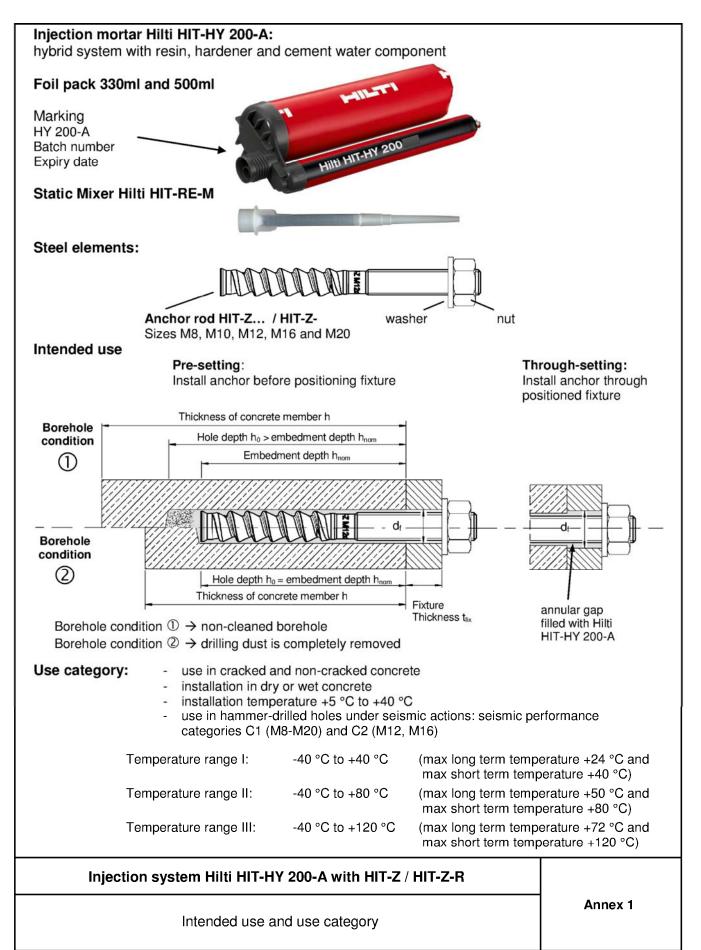
The foil packs shall be protected against sun radiation and shall be stored according to the manufacturer's installation instructions in dry condition at temperatures of at least +5 °C to not more than +25 °C.

Foil packs with expired shelf life must no longer be used.

The anchor shall only be packaged and supplied as a complete unit. Foil packs may be packed separately from metal parts.

Andreas Kummerow p. p. Head of Department *beglaubigt:* Lange





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English translation prepared by DIBt



			l					
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lead marking								
(e.	g. HIT-Z I	Ivanised steel; H M12x155) <b>ameters</b>	HT-Z-R for	stainless stee	el; M x ℓ			
HIT-HY 200-A with	HIT-Z		M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	
	min <i>l</i>	[mm]	80	95	105	155	215	
Length of anchor	max <i>l</i>	[mm]	120	160	196	240	250	
Length of Helix		ℓ Helix [mm]	50	60	60	96	100	
Nominal diameter		d [mm]	8	10	12	16	20	
Diameter of anchor of	one	d <sub>cone</sub> [mm]	9,25	11,25	13,25	17,25	21,09	
Nominal diameter of	drill bit <sup>1)</sup>	d <sub>0</sub> [mm]	10	12	14	18	22	
Nominal anchorage	dooth -	h <sub>nom,min</sub> [mm]	60	60	60	96	100	
Nominal anchorage	uepin –	h <sub>nom,max</sub> [mm]	100	120	144	192	220	
Borehole condition Min. base material t		$h \ge [mm]$		h <sub>nom</sub> + 60 mm	h <sub>nom</sub> + 100 mm			
Borehole condition Min. base material t		h ≥ [mm]		h <sub>nom</sub> + 30 mm ≥ 100 mm	h <sub>nom</sub> + 45 mm			
Maximum depth of I	oorehole	$h_0 \leq [mm]$	h – 30 mm			h –	2 d <sub>0</sub>	
Pre-setting: <sup>2)</sup> Diameter of clearan the fixture	ce hole in	$d_f \leq [mm]$	9	12	14	18	22	
Through-setting: <sup>2)</sup> Diameter of clearan the fixture	ce hole in	d <sub>f</sub> ≤ [mm]	11	14	16	20	24	
Maximum fixture thi	ckness	t <sub>fix,max</sub> [mm]	48	87	129	123	126	
				1		l	1	

<sup>2)</sup> For larger diameter of clearance hole see chapter 1.1 of TR 029

# Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z / HIT-Z-R

Installation parameters



# Minimum edge distance and spacing

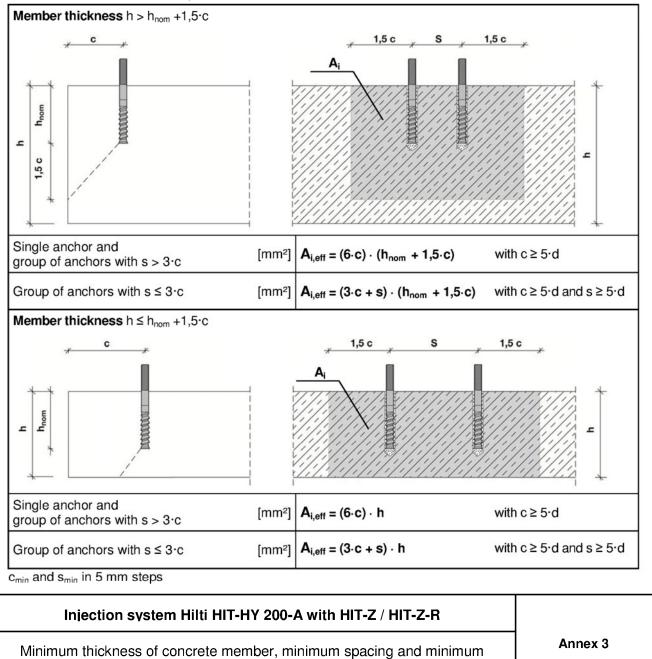
For the calculation of minimum spacing and minimum edge distance of anchors in combination with different embedment depth and thickness of concrete member the following equation shall be fulfilled:

 $A_{i,req} < A_{i,eff}$ 

# Table 2: Required area A<sub>i,req</sub>

HIT-Z / HIT-Z-R	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20
Cracked concrete [mm	²] 19200	40800	58800	94700	148000
Uncracked concrete [mm	²] 22200	57400	80800	128000	198000

# Table 3: Effective area A<sub>i,eff</sub>



edge distance of anchors



Designation	Material						
Metal parts made of zinc coated steel							
Anchor rod HIT-Z, M8 to M20							
Nut EN 24032	Strength class 8, EN 20898-2, steel galvanised $\ge 5\mu m$ DIN EN ISO 4042						
Washer DIN 125	Strength class 8, steel galvanised $\ge 5\mu m$ DIN EN ISO 4042						
Metal parts made of st	ainless steel Grade A4						
Anchor rod HIT-Z-R, M8 to M20	$ \begin{array}{l ll} \mbox{Cold formed steel; 1.4404, 1.4401 EN 10088, coated} \\ \mbox{For} \leq & \mbox{M12: } R_m = 650 \ \mbox{N/mm}^2; \ \mbox{R}_{p \ 0,2} = 520 \ \mbox{N/mm}^2, \ \mbox{A}_5 > 8\% \ \mbox{Ductile} \\ \mbox{For} & \mbox{M16: } R_m = 610 \ \mbox{N/mm}^2; \ \mbox{R}_{p \ 0,2} = 490 \ \mbox{N/mm}^2, \ \mbox{A}_5 > 8\% \ \mbox{Ductile} \\ \mbox{For} & \mbox{M20: } R_m = 595 \ \mbox{N/mm}^2; \ \mbox{R}_{p \ 0,2} = 480 \ \mbox{N/mm}^2, \ \mbox{A}_5 > 8\% \ \mbox{Ductile} \\ \end{array} $						
Nut EN 24032	1.4404, 1.4401, EN 10088, A4-70 DIN ISO 3506						
Washer DIN 125	A4; EN 10088						

Annex 4

Materials



Instruction for use		
Drilling		
	<u>Pre-setting</u> : Drill hole to the required drilling depth with rotation-hammer mode using an appropriately sized ca Diamond coring is permissible when diamond core dril corresponding core bit are used.	arbide drill bit.
	<u>Through-setting</u> : Drill hole through the clearance hole required drilling depth with a hammer drill set in rotatic an appropriately sized carbide drill bit. Diamond coring is permissible when diamond core dril corresponding core bit are used.	on-hammer mode using
	Pre- / Through-setting: Drill hole to the required embed appropriately sized Hilti TE-CD or TE-YD hollow drill b attachment. This drilling removes dust while drilling. (s condition ②) After drilling is complete, proceed to the step in the instructions for use.	it with Hilti vacuum see annex 1 - Borehole
Bore hole cleaning:		
a) No cleaning required for ha		
b) Hole flushing and evacuati	on required for wet-drilled diamond cored holes	
	Flush 2 times from the back of the hole over the hole le	ength.
	Blow 2 times the hole with oil-free compressed air (mine evacuate the water	n. 6 bar at 6 m³/h) to
Check of setting depth		
	Mark the element and check the setting depth. The ele hole until the required embedment depth. If it is not po element to the required embedment depth, remove the or drill deeper.	ssible to insert the
Injection syste	m Hilti HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z / HIT-Z-R	
	Installation instructions I	Annex 5



Injection preparation		
	Tightly attach new Hilti mixing nozzle HIT-RE-M to (snug fit). Do not modify the mixing nozzle. Observ use of the dispenser. Check foil pack holder for proper function. Do not u foil packs / holders. Swing foil pack holder with foil dispenser	e the instruction for use damaged
	Discard initial adhesive. The foil pack opens autom is initiated. Depending on the size of the foil pack a adhesive has to be discarded. Discard quantities are 2 strokes for	
Inject adhesive from the back	of the borehole without forming air voids	
	Inject the adhesive starting at the back of the hole, the mixer with each trigger pull.	slowly withdrawing
2/3 100 %	Fill holes approximately 2/3 full for Pre-setting and setting, or as required to ensure that the annular gat and the concrete is completely filled with adhesive length.	ap between the anchor
	After injection is completed, depressurize the disperies release trigger. This will prevent further adhesive d mixer	
Overhead installation:		
	For overhead installation the injection is only possil extensions and piston plugs. Assemble HIT-RE-M and appropriately piston plug HIT-SZ. Insert piston hole and inject adhesive. During injection the piston extruded out of the bore hole by the adhesive press	mixer, extension(s) plug to back of the n plug will be naturally
Injection system	h Hilti HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z / HIT-Z-R	
	Annex 6	



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Setting the element	
twork	Before use, verify that the element is dry and free of oil and other contaminants. Set element to the required embedment depth until working time $t_{work}$ (given in Table 5) has elapsed. After setting the element the annular gap between the anchor and the fixture (through-setting) or concrete (pre-setting) has to be completely filled with mortar.
	After required curing time t <sub>cure</sub> (given in Table 5) remove excess mortar. The required installation torque moment is given in table 2. The anchor can be loaded.

# Table 5: Working time twork and minimum curing time tcure

Temperature in the anchorage base	working time t <sub>work</sub> HY200-A	min. curing time t <sub>cure</sub> HY200-A		
5 °C	25 min	2 hours		
6 °C to 10 °C	15 min	75 min		
11 °C to 20 °C	7 min	45 min		
21 °C to 30 °C	4 min	30 min		
31 °C to 40 °C	3 min	30 min		

# Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z / HIT-Z-R

Installation instructions III Working time, curing time



HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z				M8	M10	M12	M16	M20
Steel failure								
Characteristic resistance for HIT	-Z N	Rk,s	[kN]	24	38	55	96	146
Partial safety factor 1)	γ	Ms	[-]			1,5		
Characteristic resistance for HIT	-Z-R N	Rk,s	[kN]	24	38	55	96	146
Partial safety factor 1)	γ	Ms	[-]			1,5		
Combined pull-out and concre	ete cone f	ailure	<u>;</u>					
Diameter of HIT-Z / HIT-Z-R		d	[mm]	8	10	12	16	20
Characteristic bond resistance	in non-cra	ackec	l concrete	C20/25				•
Temperature range I: 24°C / 40	)°C τ	Rk,ucr	[N/mm²]			24		
Temperature range II: 50°C / 80	0°C τ	Rk,ucr	[N/mm²]			22		
Temperature range III: 72°C / 1	20°C τ	Rk,ucr	[N/mm²]			20		
Characteristic bond resistance	in cracke	d con	crete C20/	25				
Temperature range I: 24°C / 40	)°C τ	Rk,cr	[N/mm²]			22		
Temperature range II: 50°C / 8	0°C τ	Rk,cr	[N/mm²]			20		
Temperature range III: 72°C / 1	20°C τ	Rk,cr	[N/mm²]			18		
Increasing factor for $\tau_{\text{Rk}}$	$\Psi_{\textbf{c}}$		C50/60			1,0		
Effective anchorage depth for calculation of N <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,p</sub> (TR 029, 5.2.2.3)	$h_{ef} = \ell_{H}$	lelix	[mm]	50	60	60	96	100
Concrete cone failure					•			•
For calculation of the character depth h <sub>ef</sub> shall be replaced by h				ording to T	R 029 sect	ion 5.2.2.4	the emb	edment
Splitting laidre			3)			h/h <sub>nom</sub>	I	1
_	h /	h <sub>nom</sub> `	<sup>3)</sup> ≥ 2,35	1,5	h <sub>nom</sub>	2,35		
Edge distance $c_{cr,sp}$ [mm]	2,35 > h/	h <sub>nom</sub>	<sup>3)</sup> > 1,35	6,2 h <sub>no</sub>	<sub>m</sub> – 2,0 h	1,35		<b>\</b>
-	h /	h <sub>nom</sub>	<sup>3)</sup> ≤ 1,35	3,5	h <sub>nom</sub>	1	,5•h <sub>nom</sub>	3,5∙h <sub>nom</sub> c <sub>o</sub>
Spacing	S <sub>cr,sp</sub>		[mm]			2 c <sub>cr,sp</sub>		
Partial safety factor <sup>1)</sup> <sub>YMp</sub>	= γ <sub>Mc</sub> = γ <sub>M</sub>		[-]			1,5 <sup>2)</sup>		

# Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z / HIT-Z-R

Characteristic values of resistance under tension loads in case of static and quasi-static loading



Table 7: Disp	able 7: Displacements under tension loads in case of static and quasi-static loading <sup>1)</sup>								
HIT-HY 200-A wit	th HIT-Z		M8	M10	M12	M16	M20		
Non-cracked con	crete temperat	ure range I <sup>2)</sup> : 40°C / 24	°C						
Displacement	nt δ <sub>N0</sub> [mn		0,03	0,03	0,04	0,05	0,07		
Displacement	$\delta_{N^\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,06	0,08	0,10	0,13	0,17		
Non-cracked con	crete temperat	ure range II <sup>2)</sup> : 80°C / 50	°C						
Displacement	$\delta_{N0}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,03	0,04	0,04	0,06	0,07		
Displacement	$\delta_{N^\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,07	0,09	0,11	0,15	0,18		
Non-cracked con	crete temperat	ure range III <sup>2)</sup> : 120°C / <sup>.</sup>	72°C						
Displacement	$\delta_{N0}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,03	0,04	0,05	0,06	0,08		
Displacement	$\delta_{N^\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,07	0,10	0,12	0,16	0,20		
Cracked concrete	e temperature r	ange l <sup>2)</sup> : 40°C / 24°C							
Displacement	δ <sub>N0</sub>	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,06	0,07	0,08	0,09	0,10		
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]			0,21				
Cracked concrete	e temperature r	ange II <sup>2)</sup> : 80°C / 50°C							
Displacement	δ <sub>N0</sub>	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,07	0,08	0,08	0,10	0,11		
Displacement	$\delta_{N^\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]			0,23				
Cracked concrete	e temperature r	ange III <sup>2)</sup> : 120°C / 72°C							
Displacement	$\delta_{N0}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,07	0,08	0,09	0,11	0,12		
Displacement	$\delta_{N\infty}$	[mm/(N/mm²)]			0,25				

<sup>1)</sup> Calculation of displacement under service load:  $\tau_{Sd}$  design value of bond stress Displacement under short term loading =  $\delta_{N0} \cdot \tau_{Sd}/1,4$ ;

Displacement under long term loading =  $\delta_{N_{\infty}} \cdot \tau_{Sd}/1,4$ 

<sup>2)</sup> Explanation see chapter 1.2

# Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z / HIT-Z-R

Displacements under tension loads in case of static and quasi-static loading

Annex 9

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Table 8: Characteristic valu quasi-static loadin		esista	nce undei	r shear loa	ds in case	e of static	and
HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20
Steel failure without lever arm							
Characteristic resistance for HIT-Z	V <sub>Rk,s</sub>	[kN]	12	19	27	48	73
Partial safety factor 1)	γMs	[-]			1,25		
Characteristic resistance for HIT-Z-R	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]	14	23	33	57	88
Partial safety factor 1)	γMs	[-]			1,25		
Steel failure with lever arm							
Characteristic resistance for HIT-Z	${\sf M}^0_{\sf Rk,s}$	[Nm]	24	49	85	203	386
Partial safety factor 1)	γ́Ms	[-]			1,25		
Characteristic resistance for HIT-Z-R	$M^0{}_{Rk,s}$	[Nm]	24	49	85	203	386
Partial safety factor 1)	γ̈́Ms	[-]			1,25		
Concrete pryout failure							
Factor for calculation of V <sub>Rk,cp</sub> (TR 029, 5.2.3.3)	k	[-]			2,0		
Partial safety factor 1)	γмс	[-]			1,5 <sup>2)</sup>		
Concrete edge failure							
Effective length of anchor in shear loading	lf	[mm]	h <sub>nom</sub>	h <sub>nom</sub>	h <sub>nom</sub>	h <sub>nom</sub>	h <sub>nom</sub>
Diameter of anchor	d <sub>nom</sub>	[mm]	8	10	12	16	20
Partial safety factor 1)	γмс	[-]		-	1,5 <sup>2)</sup>		

 $^{1)}$  In absence of other national regulations.  $^{2)}$  The partial safety factor  $\gamma_2$  = 1.0 is included.

#### Displacements under shear loads in case of static and quasi-static loading $^{\mbox{\tiny 1)}}$ Table 9:

HIT-HY 200-A wit	th HIT-Z		M8	M10	M12	M16	M20
Displacement	$\delta_{V0}$	[mm/kN]	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,04	0,04
Displacement	$\delta_{V\infty}$	[mm/kN]	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,06	0,06

<sup>1)</sup> Calculation of displacement under service load:  $V_{sd}$  design value of shear stress

Displacement under short term loading =  $\delta_{V0}$  · V<sub>0</sub>/1,4;

Displacement under long term loading =  $\delta_{V_{\infty}} \cdot V_d / 1.4$ 

Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z / HIT-Z-R
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Characteristic values of resistance and displacements under shear loads in case of static and quasi-static loading



1,7

1,3

1,8

HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20
Steel failure							
Characteristic resistance for HIT-Z / HIT-Z-R	$N_{Rk,s,seis}$	[kN]	24	38	55	96	146
Partial safety factor 1)	γMs,seis	[-]			1,5		
Combined pull-out and concrete cone failure							
Characteristic bond resist	ance in crac	ked concret	e C20/25				
Temperature range I: 24°C / 40°C	$ au_{Rk,seis}$	[N/mm²]			21		
Temperature range II: 50°C / 80°C	$ au_{Rk,seis}$	[N/mm²]	19				
Temperature range III: 72°C / 120°C	$\tau_{\text{Rk,seis}}$	[N/mm²]	17				
Partial safety factor 1)	γMp,seis	[-]	1,5				
Concrete cone failure 2)							
Partial safety factor 1)	γ̃Mc,seis	[-]			1,5		
Splitting failure 2)							
Partial safety factor 1)	γMsp,seis	[-]			1,5		
<sup>)</sup> In absence of other national regul <sup>9</sup> For concrete cone failure and spli	tting failure see				_		- (1)
Table 11: Displacement		ension loa					
HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20

Displacement  $\delta_{N,seis}$  [mm] 1,2 1,9

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum displacement during cycling (seismic event).

The definition of seismic performance category C1 is given in Annex 15.

Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z / HIT-Z-R	
Characteristic values of resistance and displacements under tension loads in case of seismic performance category C1	Annex 11



HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z-	M8	M10	M12	M16	M20		
Steel failure							
Characteristic resistance for HIT-Z	$V_{Rk,s,seis}$	[kN]	7	17	16	28	45
Partial safety factor 1)	γ̂Ms,seis	[-]		-	1,25		
Characteristic resistance for HIT-Z-R	$V_{Rk,s,seis}$	[kN]	8	19	22	31	48
Partial safety factor 1)	γ̃Ms,seis	[-]			1,25		
Concrete pryout failure 2)							
Partial safety factor 1)	γ̃Mc,seis	[-]			1,5		
Concrete edge failure 2)							
Partial safety factor 1)	γMc.seis	[-]	1,5				

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations.

<sup>2)</sup> For concrete pryout failure and concrete edge failure see Annex 16.

HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20
Displacement (HIT-Z)	$\delta_{\text{V,seis}}$	[mm]	4,0	5,0	4,9	4,3	5,5
Displacement (HIT-Z-R)	$\delta_{\text{V,seis}}$	[mm]	5,0	5,6	5,9	6,0	6,4

<sup>1)</sup> Maximum displacement during cycling (seismic event).

The definition of seismic performance category C1 is given in Annex 15.

Characteristic values of resistance and displacements under shear loads in case of seismic performance category C1



HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z			M12	M16	
Steel failure					
Characteristic resistance for HIT-Z / HIT-Z-R	$N_{Rk,s,seis}$	[kN]	55	96	
Partial safety factor 1)	γMs,seis	[-]	1,5		
Combined pull-out and concrete cor	ne failure				
Characteristic bond resistance in cracked concrete C20/25					
Temperature range I: 24°C / 40°C	$ au_{Rk,seis}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	13	19	
Temperature range II: 50°C / 80°C	$\tau_{\text{Rk,seis}}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	12	17	
Temperature range III: 72°C / 120°C	$ au_{Rk,seis}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	10	16	
Partial safety factor 1)	γ̃Mp,seis	[-]	1	,5	
Concrete cone failure 2)					
Partial safety factor 1)	γMc,seis	[-]	1,5		
Splitting failure 2)					
Partial safety factor 1)	γMsp,seis	[-]	1	,5	

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations.

<sup>2)</sup> For concrete cone failure and splitting failure see Annex 16.

# Table 15: Displacements under tension load in case of seismic performance category C2

HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z			M12	M16
Displacement DLS	$\delta_{\text{N,seis(DLS)}}$	[mm]	1,3	1,9
Displacement ULS	$\delta_{\text{N,seis(ULS)}}$	[mm]	3,2	3,6

The definition of seismic performance category C2 is given in Annex 15.

Characteristic values of resistance and displacements under tension loads in case of seismic performance category C2



HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z			M12	M16
Steel failure				
Characteristic resistance for HIT-Z	$V_{Rk,s,seis}$	[kN]	11	17
Partial safety factor <sup>1)</sup>	γMs,seis	[-]	1,25	
Characteristic resistance for HT-Z-R	$V_{Rk,s,seis}$	[kN]	16	21
Partial safety factor 1)	γMs,seis	[-]	1,25	
concrete pryout failure <sup>2)</sup>		·		
Partial safety factor 1)	γMc,seis	[-]	1,5	
Concrete edge failure 2)				
Partial safety factor 1)	γMc,seis	[-]	1	,5

<sup>1)</sup> In absence of other national regulations.

<sup>2)</sup> For concrete pryout failure and concrete edge failure see Annex 16.

Table 17:	Displacements	under shear load	l in case of	f seismic perform	ance category C2

HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z			M12	M16
Displacement DLS HIT-Z	$\delta_{\text{V,seis}(\text{DLS})}$	[mm]	2,8	3,1
Displacement ULS HIT-Z	$\delta_{\text{V,seis}(\text{ULS})}$	[mm]	4,6	6,2
Displacement DLS HIT-Z-R	$\delta_{\text{V,seis}(\text{DLS})}$	[mm]	3,0	3,1
Displacement ULS HIT-Z-R	$\delta_{\text{V,seis}(\text{ULS})}$	[mm]	6,2	6,2

The definition of seismic performance category C2 is given in Annex 15.

Characteristic values of resistance and displacements under shear loads in case of seismic performance category C2



<sup>e</sup> C2 for connections between structural elements of primary and/or secondary seismic members

<sup>1)</sup> The seismic performance of anchors subjected to seismic loading is categorized by performance categories C1 and C2.

Table 18 relates the seismic performance categories C1 and C2 to the seismicity level and building importance class. The level of seismicity is defined as a function of the product  $a_g \cdot S$ , where  $a_g$  is the design ground acceleration on Type A ground and *S* the soil factor, both in accordance with EN 1998-1: 2004.

The value of  $a_g$  or that of the product  $a_g \cdot S$  used in a Member State to define thresholds for the seismicity classes may be found in its National Annex of EN 1998-1 and may be different to the values given in Table 18. Furthermore, the assignment of the seismic performance categories C1 and C2 to the seismicity level and building importance classes is in the responsibility of each individual Member State.

# Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z / HIT-Z-R

Annex 15

Seismic performance categories



Table 19: Reduction factor $\alpha_{seis}$			
Loading	Failure mode	Single anchor <sup>1)</sup>	Anchor group
tension	Steel failure	1,0	1,0
	Combined pull-out and concrete cone failure	1,0	0,85
	Concrete cone failure	0,85	0,75
	Splitting failure	1,0	0,85
shear	Steel failure	1,0	0,85
	Concrete edge failure	1,0	0,85
	Concrete pry-out failure	0,85	0,75

<sup>1)</sup> In case of tension loading single anchor also addresses situations where only 1 anchor in a group of anchors is subjected to tension.

The seismic design shall be carried out according to the TR "Design of Metal Anchors Under Seismic Action". For every failure mode the characteristic seismic resistance  $R_{k,seis}$  of a fastening shall be determined as follows:

 $R_{k,seis} = \alpha_{gap} \cdot \alpha_{seis} \cdot R_{k,seis}^0$ 

where

 $\alpha_{gap}$ 

reduction factor to take into account inertia effects due to an annular gap between anchor and fixture in case of shear loading;

= 1,0 in case of no hole clearance between anchor and fixture;

= 0.5 in case of connections with standard hole clearance according TR 029, Table 4.1

reduction factor to take into account the influence of large cracks and scatter of load  $\alpha_{seis}$ displacement curves, see Table 19;

 $R^{0}_{k.seis}$ basic characteristic seismic resistance for a given failure mode:

> For steel failure under tension load and steel failure under shear load  $R^{0}_{k,seis}$  (i.e. N<sub>Rk,s,seis</sub>, V<sub>Rk,s,seis</sub>) shall be taken from Annex 11 and Annex 12 (in case of seismic performance category C1) and from Annex 13 and Annex 14 (in case of seismic performance category C2).

For combined pull-out and concrete cone failure  $R^{0}_{k,seis}$  (i.e.  $N_{Rk,p}$ ) shall be determined as given in TR 029, however, based on the characteristic bond resistance under seismic loading  $\tau_{Bk,seis}$  given in Annex 11 (in case of seismic performance category C1) and Annex 13 (in case of seismic performance category C2).

For all other failure modes  $R^{0}_{k,seis}$  shall be determined as for the design situation for static and quasi-static loading according to TR 029 (i.e. N<sub>Bk.c</sub>, N<sub>Bk.c</sub>, V<sub>Bk.c</sub>, V<sub>Bk.c</sub>).

# Injection system Hilti HIT-HY 200-A with HIT-Z / HIT-Z-R

Annex 16

Reduction factors and characteristic seismic resistances